Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2022(FY21) Financial Briefing Meeting Proceedings



1 | FY21 Financial Briefing Takahiro Suzuki
Director, Managing Executive Officer
Division Chief of Business Management
Division

Progress Report

2 | Based on a Plan to

Meet the Continued

Listing Criteria

Koichi Takashima President and Representative Director Chief Executive Officer

3 | Q&A

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My name is Takahiro Suzuki, a division chief of the Business Administration Division.

Thank you for attending our financial briefing meeting today.

To begin with, I'd like to explain about financial result about fiscal year ended March 2022.



From the start of the FY21, we applied the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29), etc., so the figures for our consolidated performance and full-year performance forecast are those after the standards have been applied, and because the standards have not been applied to the figures for the previous fiscal year, they are included for reference purposes only.

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From the start of the fiscal year ended March 2022, we applied the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29), etc., so the figures for our consolidated performance and full-year performance forecast are those after the standards have been applied, and because the standards have not been applied to the figures for the previous fiscal year, they are included for reference purposes only.

Contents 1 | FY21 | Financial Highlights 2 | FY22 | Consolidated Performance Forecast 3 | Shareholder Return

Please take a look at the contents of financial briefing about fiscal year ended March 2022.

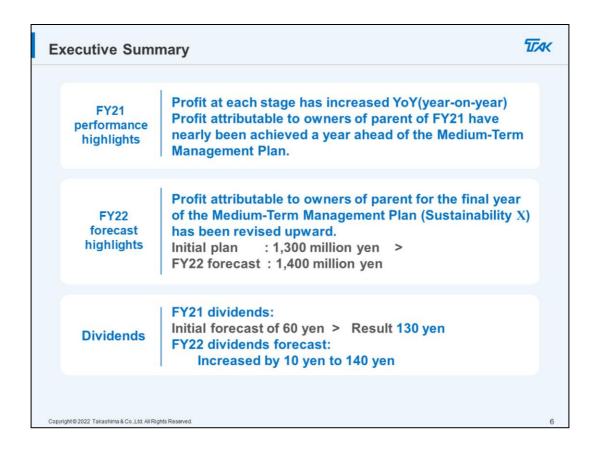
Firstly, I would like to explain the financial highlights about fiscal year ended March 2022.

Secondly, I would like to explain the consolidated performance forecast about fiscal year ending March 2023.

Finally, I would like to explain shareholder returns.



Now I would like to tell financial highlights about the Fiscal Year Ended March 2022.



First, I would like to talk about the highlights as an executive summary.

Profits at each stage have increased year-on-year compared with the fiscal year ended March 2021.

Profit attributable to owners of parent for the fiscal year ended March 2022 were 1,296 million yen, nearly reaching the 1,300 million yen, a goal in the final year of the Medium-Term Management Plan, a year early.

Therefore, we revised profit attributable to owners of parent upward to 1,400 million yen from the initial goal of 1,300 million yen.

Dividends for the fiscal year ended March 2022 were revised two times upward to 130 yen.

The forecast for fiscal year ending March 2023 dividends have increased by 10 yen year-on-year to 140 yen.

| Net sales dropped 8.1 Accounting Standard Increased profits of in increase in profits. | for Revenue | Recognition, | etc. | • | t contributed | |
|---|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Amount | Y20 Net sales ratio | F Amount | Y21 Net sales ratio | Amount of change | Rate of change |
| Net sales | 80,625 | - | 74,054 | - | (6,570) | (8.1% |
| Operating profit | 1,395 | 1.7% | 1,547 | 2.1% | +152 | +10.9% |
| Ordinary profit | 1,513 | 1.9% | 1,840 | 2.5% | +327 | +21.6% |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 1,000 | 1.2% | 1,296 | 1.8% | +296 | +29.6% |
| Index | F | Y20 | F | Y21 | Change | |
| ROE | | 5.9% | | 7.2% | +1.3 pt | |
| ROIC | | 5.1% | | 5.2% | +0.1 pt | |

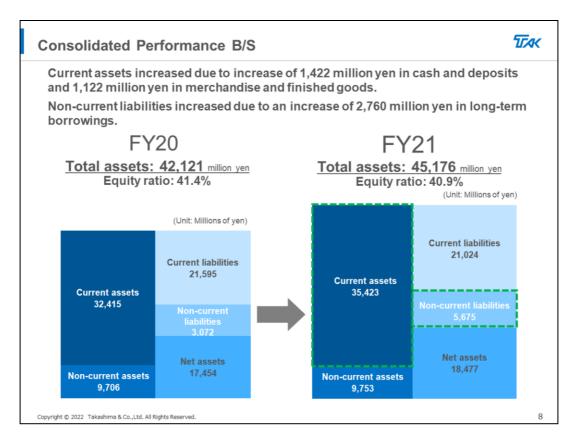
Now I'd like to talk about the consolidated statement of profit.

Net sales for the fiscal year ended March 2022 fell by 6,570 million yen to 74,054 million yen due to application of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, etc. Although this is merely a reference figure, if impact was excluded about Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, net sales would be calculated as 83,473 million yen, which is an increase of approximately 2,800 million yen year-on-year.

Net sales for the fiscal year ended March 2022 fell by 6,570 million yen to 74,054 million yen due to application of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, etc. Although this is merely a reference, if impact about Application Standard for Revenue Recognition was excluded, net sales would be calculated as 83,473 million yen, which is an increase of approximately 2,800 million yen year-on-year.

Increased profits of industrial materials segment and electronic devices segment contributed to the YoY increase in profits, so our net profit attributable to owners of parent archived 1,297 million yen, a 29.6% increase year-on-year.

Management indicators such as ROE and ROIC were 7.2% and 5.2% respectively, with 1.3 and 0.1 pt improvements year-on-year.



Now I'd like to talk about the balance sheet.

I'll explain the main factors compared with the end of the previous fiscal year.

- (1) Current assets increased 9.3% to 35,423 million yen. The main factors were an increase of 1,422 million yen in cash and deposits and 1,122 million yen in merchandise and finished goods.
- (2) Non-current assets increased 0.5% to 9,753 million yen. The main factors were that among property, plant and equipment, buildings and structures and investment securities decreased, while intangible assets due to system investments, and machinery, equipment and vehicles related to factory facilities investment both increased.
- (3) Current liabilities decreased 2.6% to 21,024 million yen. The main factors were a decrease in both notes and accounts payable trade, and accrued consumption taxes.
- (4) Non-current liabilities increased 84.7% to 5,675 million yen. The main factor was an increase of 2,760 million yen in long-term borrowings.
- (5) Net assets increased 5.9% to 18,477 million yen. The main factors were a decrease in retained earnings due to paying dividends, however, recording profit attributable to owners of parent resulted in an increase of retained earnings.

| Cash flows from operating activities: Decrease due t a decrease in a | o an increase in inve ccounts payable-trad | |
|---|---|------------------------|
| Cash flows from investing activities: Decrease due to and equipment | o acquisition of properand intangible assets | |
| Cash flows from financing activities: Increase of long | g-term borrowings, e | |
| | FY20 | (Unit: Millions of yer |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 3,563 | (389) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | (98) | (654) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | (1,947) | 2,305 |
| Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 1,464 | 1,421 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period | 4,416 | 5,880 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | 5,880 | 7,301 |

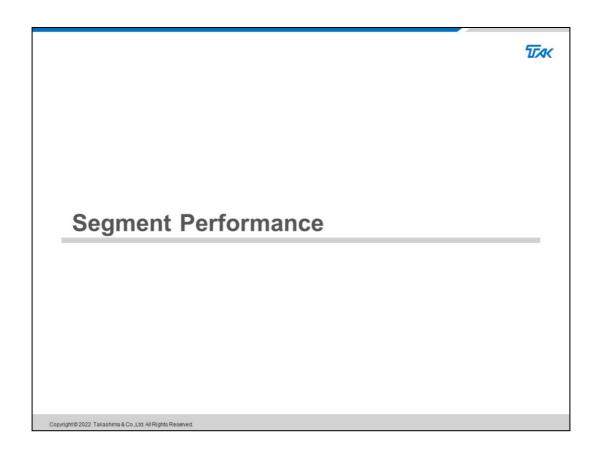
Now I'd like to talk about cash flows.

The decrease in net cash due to operating activities was 389 million yen. The main factors were an increase in inventories and a decrease in trade payable, despite an increase due to recording profit before income taxes.

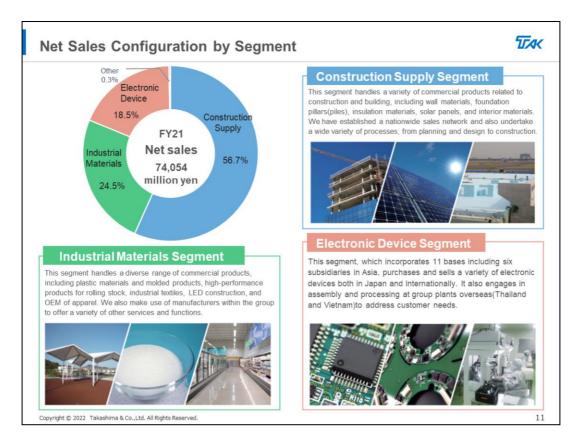
The decrease in net cash due to investing activities was 654 million yen. The main factors were acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

The increase in net cash due to financing activities was 2,305 million yen. The main factor was an increase in long-term borrowings.

As a result, the cash and cash equivalents balance at the fiscal year ended March 2022 was 7,301 million yen, an increase of 1,421 million yen compared with the fiscal year ended March 2021.



Next I'd like to talk about performance of each segment.



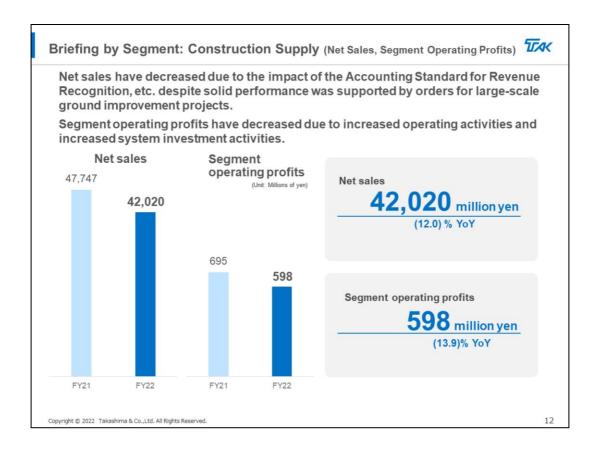
First, I'd like to provide business description for each segment. At the Takashima Group, we operate in three main segments, combining functionality to meet diverse customers' needs as a multi-faceted trading company.

Firstly, I'd like to talk about the construction supply segment. This segment handles a variety of commercial products related to construction and building, including wall materials, foundation pillars(piles), insulation materials, solar panels, and interior materials. We have established a nationwide sales network and also undertake a wide variety of processes, from planning and design to construction.

Next is the industrial materials segment. This segment handles a diverse range of commercial products, including plastic materials and molded products, products for rolling stock, industrial textiles, LED construction, and OEM of apparel. We also make use of manufacturers within the group to offer a variety of other services and functions.

Finally I'd like to talk about our electronic device segment. This segment, which incorporates 11 bases including seven subsidiaries in Asia, purchases and sells a variety of electronic devices both in Japan and internationally. It also engages in assembling and processing at group plants overseas(located in Thailand and Vietnam)to address customer needs.

We also have a real estate for rent segment, but because it is a small-business, I'll abbreviate the explanation about this segment.



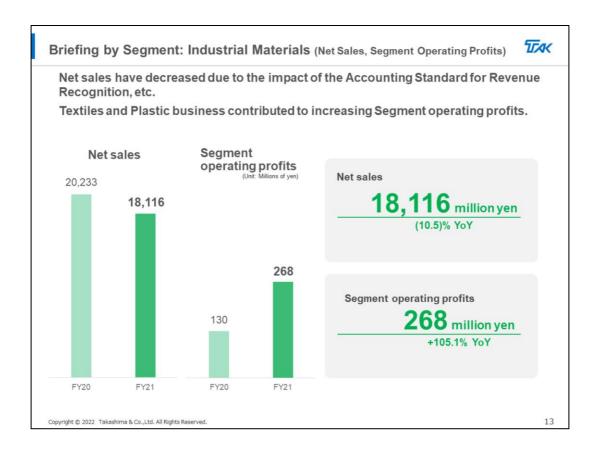
Now I'd like to move on to a briefing by segment. First let's take a look at a summary on the construction supply segment.

Net sales have decreased due to the impact of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, etc. despite solid performance was supported by orders for large-scale ground improvement projects.

In the solar energy related field, increasing prices and a supply shortage of industrial solar panels, as well as a supply shortage of semiconductors has resulted in sluggish figures.

Additionally, increased operating activities and increasing selling expenses, general and administrative expenses due to increased system investments have resulted in decreased segment operating profits.

As a result, net sales fell to 42,020 million yen, a 12% decrease year-on-year, resulting in segment operating profit of 598 million yen, a 13.9% decrease year-on-year.

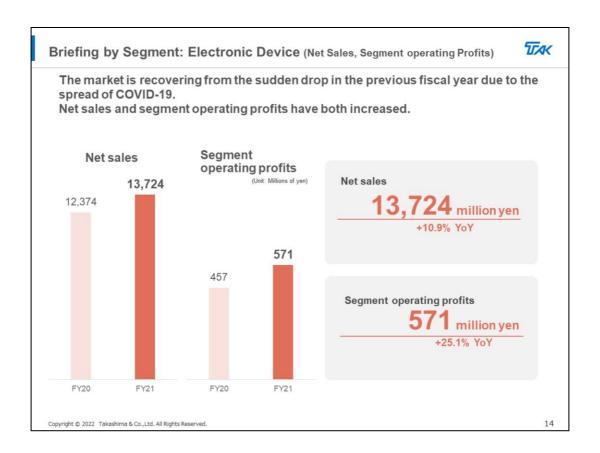


Next let's take a look at a summary of the industrial materials segment.

Regarding industrial materials segment market conditions, the situation in the rolling stocks market remains difficult due to the spread of COVID-19, however, the plastic-related market showed signs of recovery.

Although segment net sales decreased due to the impact of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, etc. segment operating profits have increased by contributions from textiles and plastic-related fields.

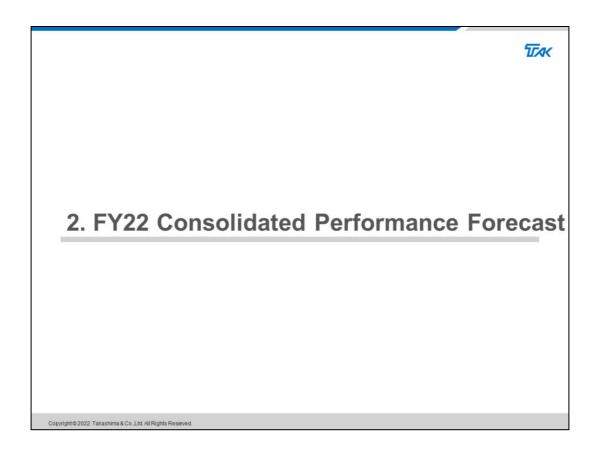
As a result, net sales fell to 18,116 million yen, a 10.5% decrease year-on-year, resulting in operating profit of 268 million yen, a 105.1% increase year-on-year.



Next let's take a look at a summary of the electronic device segment.

In the electronic components related field, the market is recovering from the sudden drop during the previous fiscal year due to the spread of COVID-19, with increased net sales and segment operating profits.

As a result, net sales rose to 13,724 million yen, a 10.9% increase year-on-year, resulting in segment operating profits of 571 million yen, a 25.1% increase year-on-year.



Next let's take a look at the consolidated performance forecast about fiscal year ending March 2023.

| Net sales will be 82, Profit attributable to | _ | | | | lion yen. | |
|---|--------|--------------------|--------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | FY | 21 | EV | '22 | (Ur | nit: Millions of ye |
| | Amount | Net sales ratio | Amount | Net sales ratio | Amount of change | Rate of change |
| Net sales | 74,054 | _ | 82,000 | _ | +7,946 | +10.7% |
| Operating profit | 1,547 | 2.1% | 1,800 | 2.2% | +253 | +16.3% |
| Ordinary profit | 1,840 | 2.5% | 1,900 | 2.3% | +60 | +3.2% |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 1,296 | 1.8% | 1,400 | 1.7% | +104 | +8.0% |

Regarding to full-year consolidated performance forecast about the fiscal year ending March 2023, sales and profits at each stage are expected to increase, and net sales are expected to be 82,000 million yen, a 10.7% increase year-on-year, with operating profit of 1,800 million yen, ordinary profit of 1,900 million yen, and profit attributable to owners of parent of 1,400 million yen.

Again, the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023 is the final year in the Medium-Term Management Plan, and while the Company initially set the goal of 1,300 million yen in profit attributable to owners of parent, the performance forecast was revised upward to 1,400 million yen because initial goal was nearly reached a year early during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022.

| FY22 Consolidate | d Performance | Forecast I | by Segment | | TAK | |
|----------------------|---|--|---|-------------------|---|--|
| Aim to increa | with enhancing p | tivity, including en roposal spec-in sa gy business into e | d-user-approaching, les, distribution, ins nergy solution busir | tallation, and pr | ocessing function. | |
| Industrial Materials | | | cturing, proposal, de or improved perform | | g and construction) | |
| Electronic Device | Enhance customer support activity to improve performance. | | | | | |
| | Item | FY21 | FY22 | Amount of change | (Unit: Millions of yen) Increase/decrease | |
| Net sales | Construction Supply | 42,020 | 48,200 | +6,180 | +14.7% | |
| | Industrial materials | 18,116 | 19,400 | +1,284 | +7.1% | |
| | Electronic Device | 13,724 | 14,200 | +476 | +3.5% | |
| | Real estate for rent | 192 | 200 | +8 | +4.2% | |
| | Total | 74,054 | 82,000 | +7,946 | +10.7% | |
| Operating profit | Construction Supply | 598 | 850 | +252 | +42.1% | |
| | Industrial Materials | 268 | 400 | +132 | +49.3% | |
| | Electronic Device | 571 | 450 | (121) | (21.2%) | |
| | Real estate for rent | 109 | 100 | (9) | (8.3%) | |
| | Total | 1,547 | 1,800 | +253 | +16.4% | |
| Ordinary profit | | 1,840 | 1,900 | +60 | +3.3% | |
| | | 1.296 | 1,400 | +104 | +8.0% | |

Now I'd like to talk about performance forecast of each segment for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023.

Net sales are expected to be 48,200 million yen for the construction supply segment, with an 850 million yen segment operating profit.

In this segment, we will promote sales activity, including end-user-approaching, as a Value-Adding trading company with enhancing proposal spec-in sales, distribution, installation, and processing function.

Also, we will evolve solar energy business into energy solution business, enhancing proposal ability for carbon neutral society

Net sales are expected to be 19,400 million yen for the industrial materials segment, with a 400 million yen segment operating profit.

In this segment, we will further enhance our five functions(manufacturing, proposal, design, processing and construction) to reinforce our business foundation for improved performance.

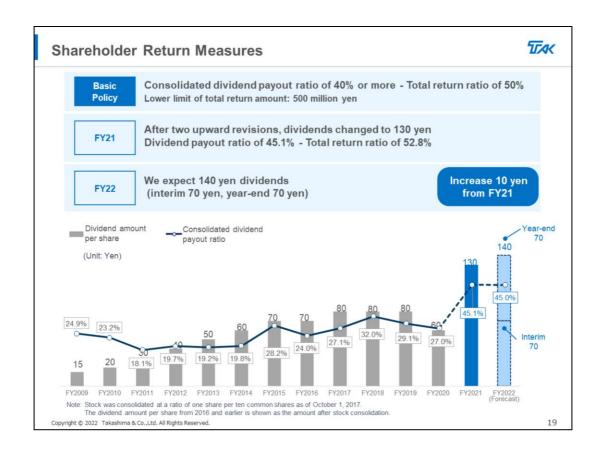
Net sales are expected to be 14,200 million yen for the electronic device segment, with a 450 million yen segment operating profit.

In this segment, we will aim to further enhance customer support to improve performance.

So, as reported above, We intends to grow net sales in all segments for the fiscal year ending March 2023.



Lastly I'd like to talk about shareholder returns.



In a plan to meet the continued listing criteria disclosed November 2021, we have stipulated basic shareholder return policy, enriching shareholder returns. We set consolidated dividend payout ratio over 40%, and purchase and retirement of treasury shares to achieve 50% total return. Also, in order to stable return to our shareholders, we set lower amount limit of total return 500 million.

The year-end dividend for the fiscal year ended March 2022 is set at 130 yen per share, leading a consolidated dividend payout ratio of 45.1%.

Additionally, combining with the purchase and retirement of treasury shares carried out from November 11, 2021, the total return ratio is 52.8%.

We anticipate a consolidated dividend payout ratio of 45% for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023, which includes a year-on-year increase of 10 yen for a total of 140 yen.

As explained earlier, our basic shareholder return policy is 50% of total return ratio.

| 1 | FY21 Financial Briefing | Takahiro Suzuki Director, Managing Executive Officer Division Chief of Business Management Division |
|---|--|---|
| 2 | Progress Report Based on a Plan to Meet the Continued Listing Criteria | Koichi Takashima President and Representative Director Chief Executive Officer |
| 3 | Q&A | |

This concludes the explanation of Takashima & Co., Ltd. finances for the fiscal year ended March 2022. Thank you for your kind attention.

Next, Our Representative Director, Koichi Takashima will provide a progress report based on a plan to meet the continued listing criteria.

Notice: This document is translation of the original Japanese document and is only for reference purposes. In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the original Japanese document, the latter shall prevail.

Progress Report Based on A Plan to Meet the Continued Listing Criteria of Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) Prime Market

May 11, 2022

Takashima & Co., Ltd. (Securities code: 8007)





Good afternoon, I'm Koichi Takashima. From here, I will explain about "progress report based on a plan to meet the continued listing criteria of Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Market", disclosed at May 2022.

This is a progress report about "A plan to meet the continued listing criteria", disclosed at November 2021.

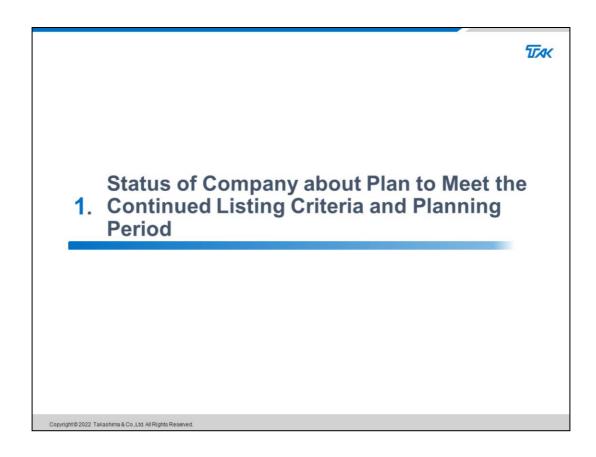
TAK Summary: Implementation Status and Evaluation Steady progress is being made based on a plan to meet the continued listing criteria of Tokyo Stock Exchange(TSE) Prime Market until End of FY2025(March 2026) and we have determined that it is not necessary to make any changes at the current point in time. We, the management and all employees, intend to accelerate efforts to become a company that achieves sustainable growth through the proactive efforts. Implementation status regarding tradable share market capitalization and trading value Since the plan was disclosed on November 10, 2021, stock prices have risen that led increasing tradable share market capitalization. Also, tradable share ratio have increased slightly. Since the plan was disclosed, the monthly average trading value has remained above the criteria each month and the daily average trading value (January to March 2022) meets the criteria. We have steadily executed the five basic initiative policies stipulated in the plan. (1) Promoting capital allocation policy (2) Pursuing sustainable profit growth through investment return (3) Enriching shareholder return (4) Establishing an IR system (5) Complying with Japan's Corporate Governance Code Management status We promote the transition from solid management into the sustainable growth with strategic invests; improving capital efficiency through 7,000 million yen investment and awareness of capital cost described in the plan. We, the management and employees across the Company, will positively accelerates initiatives, helped by favorable market response in regard to the plan. Regarding the progress on the Medium-Term Management Plan Sustainability X (FY2020 to FY 2022), profits of FY21 were increasing at each phases. Copyright@2022 Takashima& Co.,Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

A summary of the progress and evaluation of a plan to meet the continued listing criteria has been included on the slide. As shown here, the plan is making steady progress, so we believe that there is no need to change the plan at the current point of time.

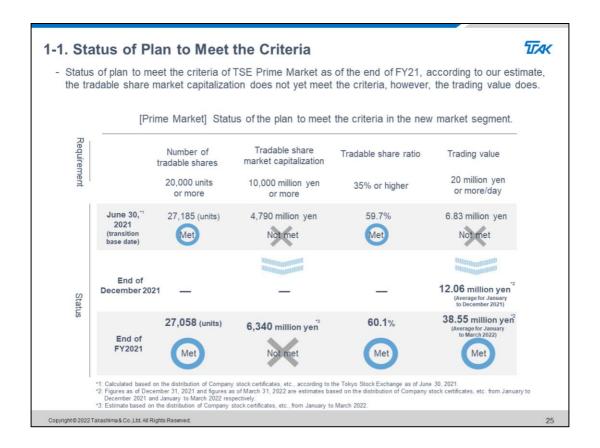
1. Status of Company about Plan to Meet Continued Listing Criteria and Planning Period 2. Implementation Status and Evaluation (November 2021 to March 2022) 3. Future Issues and Initiatives

These are the document contents.

At the beginning, we will talk about the status of the company about a plan to meet the continued listing criteria and planning period, next, the implementation status and evaluation of initiatives from November 2021 to March 2022, and finally we will talk about future issues and initiatives.



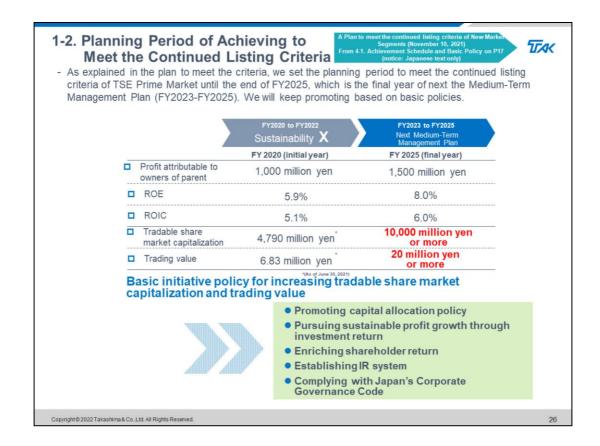
Now I'd like to talk about the status of our plan to meet continued listing criteria and the planning period.



First, let's take a look at the status of the plan to meet the continued listing criteria.

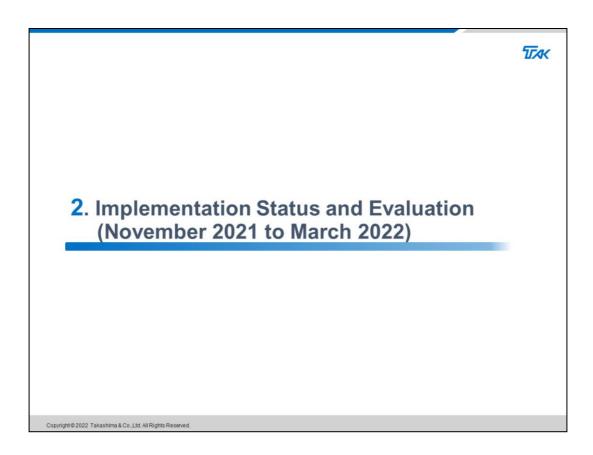
As of June 30, 2021, the tradable share market capitalization and trading value were neither met the criteria, however, by our estimate calculated at the March 31, 2022, tradable share market capitalization still have not yet been met for the criteria, but the trading value have met the criteria.

Specific figures are shown on the slide.

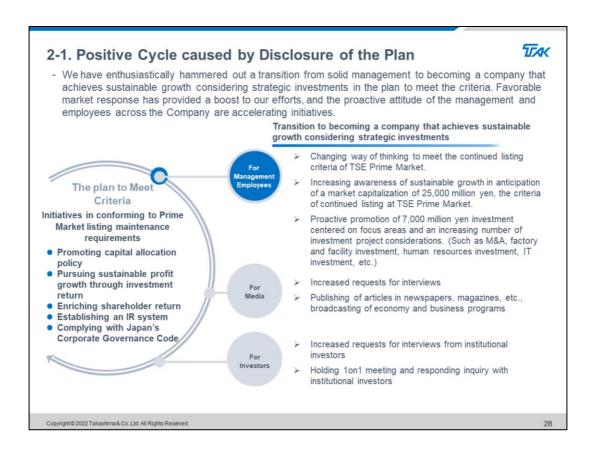


Next, I'd like to talk about the listing maintenance requirement achievement schedule.

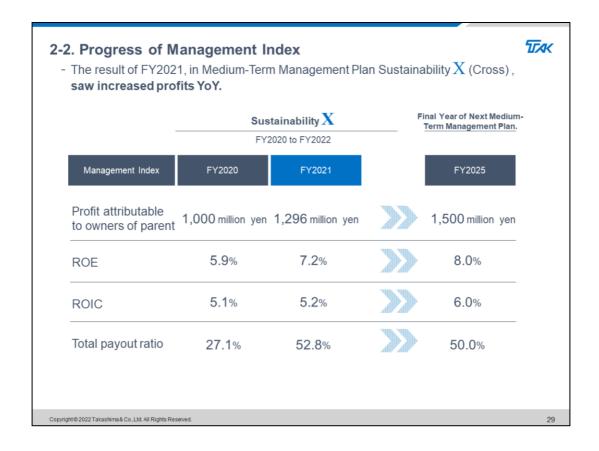
As explained in a plan to meet the criteria, we set the planning period to meet the continued listing criteria of TSE Prime Market until the end of FY2025, Fiscal year ending March 2026, which is also the final year of next the Medium-Term Management Plan (FY2023-FY2025, fiscal year ending March 2024 to fiscal year ending March 2026). We will keep promoting based on basic policies.



Now I'd like to explain the implementation status and evaluation of initiatives from November 2021 to March 2022 based on the plan.



We have enthusiastically hammered out a transition from solid management to becoming a company that achieves sustainable growth considering strategic investments in the plan to meet the criteria. Favorable market response has provided a boost to our efforts, and the proactive attitude of the management and employees across the Company are accelerating initiatives.

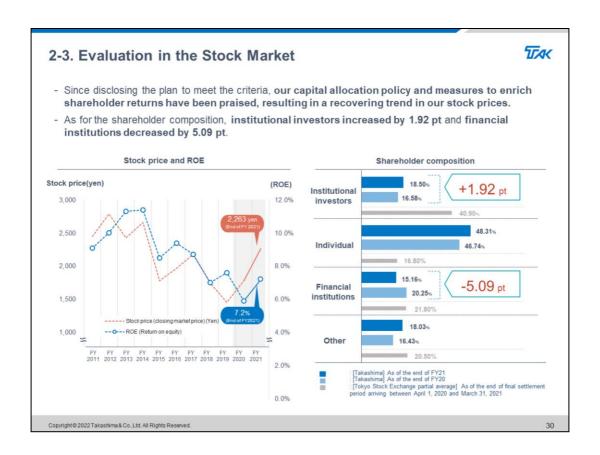


Now I'd like to talk about the management index progress.

Net profit for the fiscal year ended March 2022, which is the second period in the current Medium-Term Management Plan Sustainability X (Cross), was 1,296 million yen, an increase of 296 million yen which is a jump of 29.6% year-on-year.

ROE and ROIC for the fiscal year ended March 2022 were 7.2% and 5.2% respectively, showing a strong upward trend.

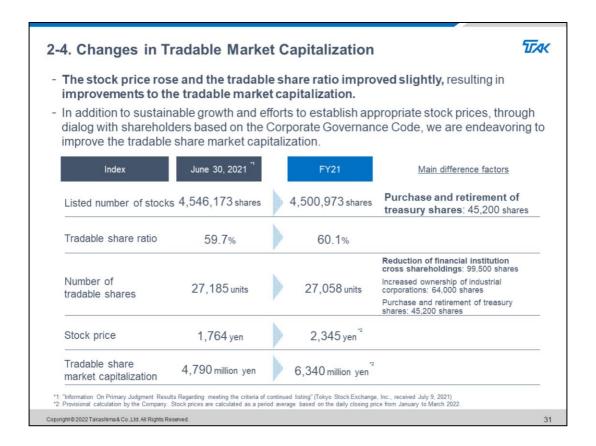
Regarding shareholder returns, we have established a policy of mobile purchase and retirement of treasury shares in order to achieve a consolidated dividend payout ratio of 40% or more and a total return ratio 50%, resulting in a total return ratio of 52.8% for the fiscal year ended March 2022.



Now I'd like to talk about evaluation in the stock market.

Since disclosed a plan, our capital allocation policy and measures to enhance shareholder returns have been praised, resulting in a recovering trend in our stock prices.

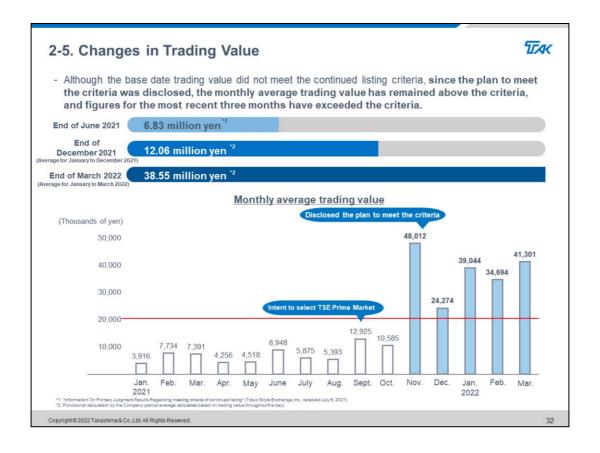
The shareholder composition increased by 1.92 pt among institutional investors and decreased 5.09 pt among financial institutions.



Now let's take a look at changes in the tradable market capitalization.

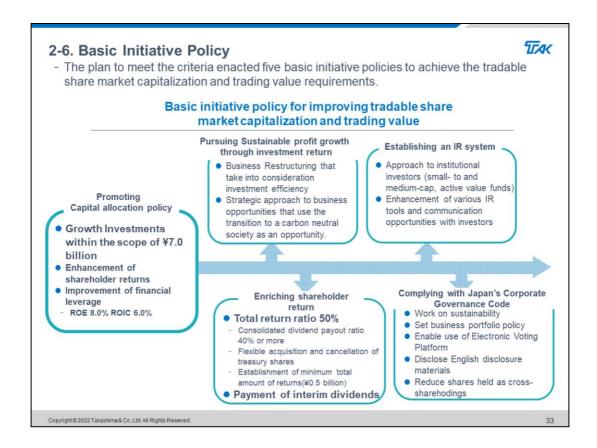
The stock price rose and the tradable share ratio improved slightly, resulting in improvements to the tradable market capitalization.

Continuing on, in addition to sustainable growth and efforts to establish appropriate stock prices, dialog with shareholders based on the Corporate Governance Code, we are endeavoring to improve the tradable share market capitalization.



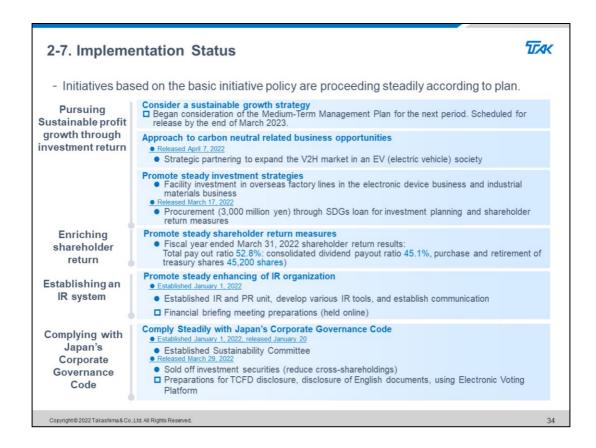
Now I'll explain changes in trading value.

Regarding trading value, although trading value at base date did not met the continued listing criteria of 20 million yen, since the plan was disclosed, the monthly average trading value has remained above the continued listing criteria, and figures for the most recent three months have exceeded the criteria.



Let's take a look at the basic initiative policies to achieve the tradable share market capitalization and trading value requirements shown in the plan.

The plan lists five basic initiative policies, promoting capital allocation policy, pursuing sustainable profit growth through investment return, enriching shareholder return, establishing IR system, complying with Japan's Corporate Governance Code; all of those are being proactively undertaken by the management and employees.

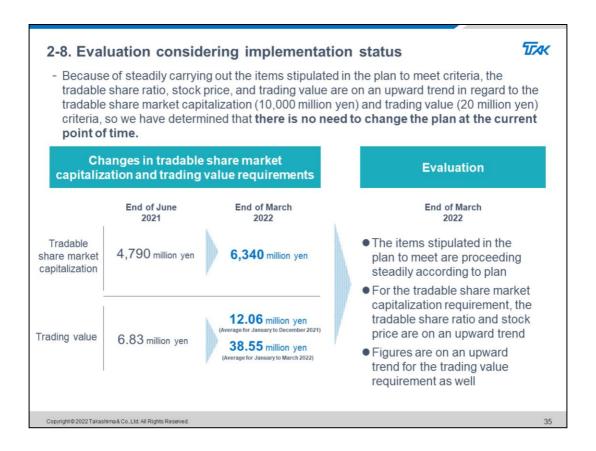


Implementation status based on the basic initiative policy are proceeding steadily according to plan.

For example, pursuing sustainable profit growth through investment return, we are currently starting to consider the Medium-Term Management Plan in which we consider the efficiency of invest return. We will announce the detail about the plan by the end of March 2023.

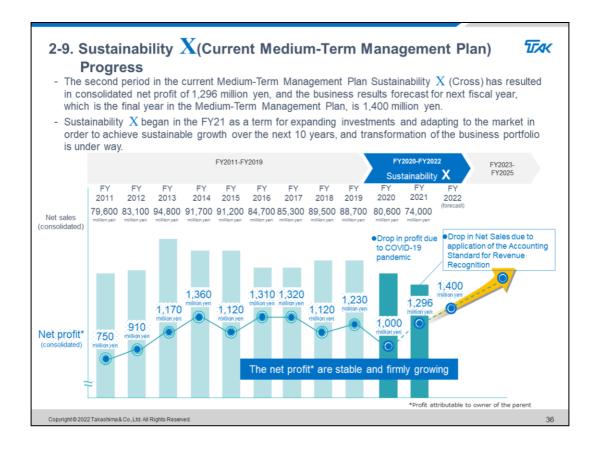
Additionally, as shown in the April 2022 news release, we are engaged in strategic collaboration in order to expand the V2H market in an EV (electric vehicle) society as a strategic approach to carbon neutral related business opportunities.

Also, in terms of shareholder returns, the total return ratio for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 was 52.8%.



Now I'd like to talk about evaluation about implementation status to meet the criteria.

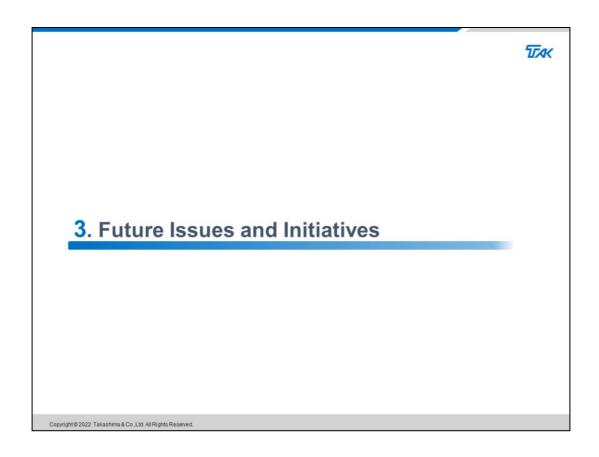
Because of steadily carrying out the items stipulated in the plan to meet criteria, the tradable share ratio, stock price, and trading value are on an upward trend in regard to reach the tradable share market capitalization (10,000 million yen) and trading value (20 million yen) criteria, so we have determined that there is no need to change the plan at the current point of time.



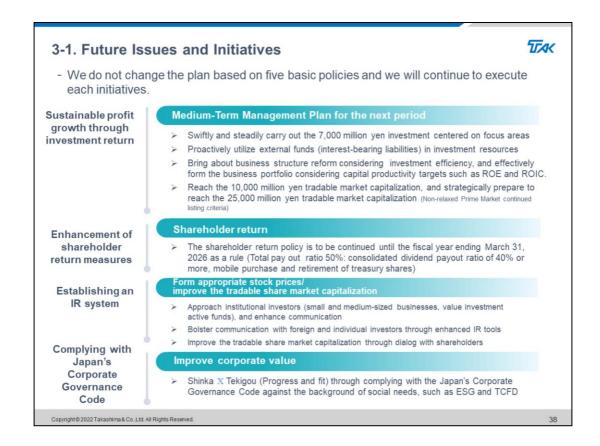
Now I'd like to talk about the progress of current Medium-Term Management Plan, Sustainability X(cross).

The second year in the current Medium-Term Management Plan Sustainability X, fiscal year ended March 2022, has resulted in consolidated net profit of 1,296 million yen, and the business results forecast for next fiscal year, which is the final year in the Medium-Term Management Plan, is 1,400 million yen.

Sustainability X began in the fiscal year ended March 2021 as a term for expanding investments and adapting to the market in order to achieve sustainable growth over the next 10 years, and transformation of the business portfolio is under way.



Lastly, I'd like to talk about future issues and initiatives.

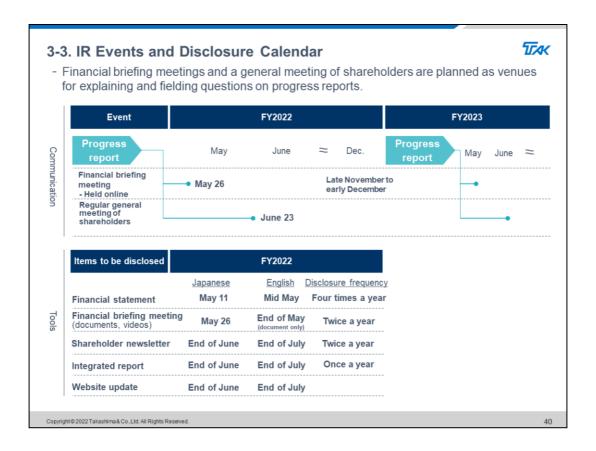


We do not change the plan based on five basic policies and we will continue to execute each initiatives.

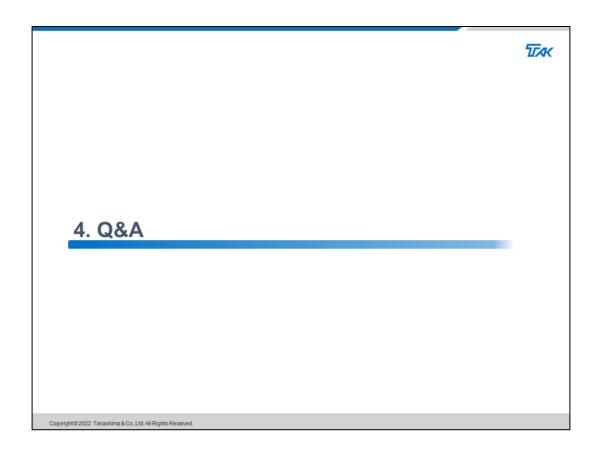


Next, I'd like to talk about promoting dialogue with investors.

With the goal of reaching market capitalization scale at an early stage, which is expected to stabilize stock prices and trading value, we are focusing efforts on creating a dialog with institutional investors based on the basic policy, and on bolstering communication using various IR tools.

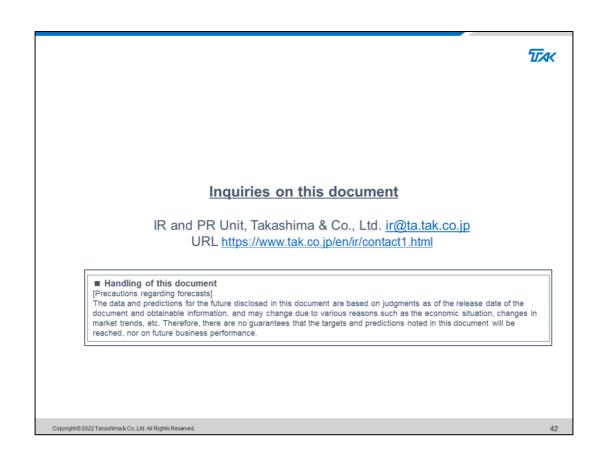


IR events and the IR calendar are shown on the slide, so I will omit an explanation of these items.



This concludes my explanation.

Thank you for your kind attention.



If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us.(ir@ta.tak.co.jp)